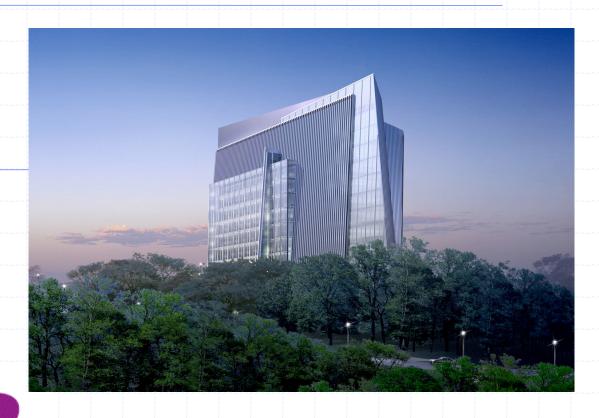
Dr. Myron L. Cramer The Windermere Group



WINDERMERE

Windermere 2000 Windermere Court Annapolis, Maryland 21401 410-266-1900



Blair County Convention Center One Convention Center Drive Altoona, PA March 28 – 29, 2004

Risk Management Round Table Panel Issue # 4

How do you strike the balance between the drive, drive, drive to get things done in IT Departments, with the need to safeguard systems and applications?





Premise

Security impedes IT functions

- User: Accounts, passwords, and privileges
- Workstations: standardized baselines, operating systems, core applications
- Network: Hook-ups, LAN's, WAN's
- Servers: Hosts, corporate services
- Firewalls: filters, proxies, remote access

Security adds no value to the IT business proposition

- Security is separate from IT capabilities
- Protecting services does not add value

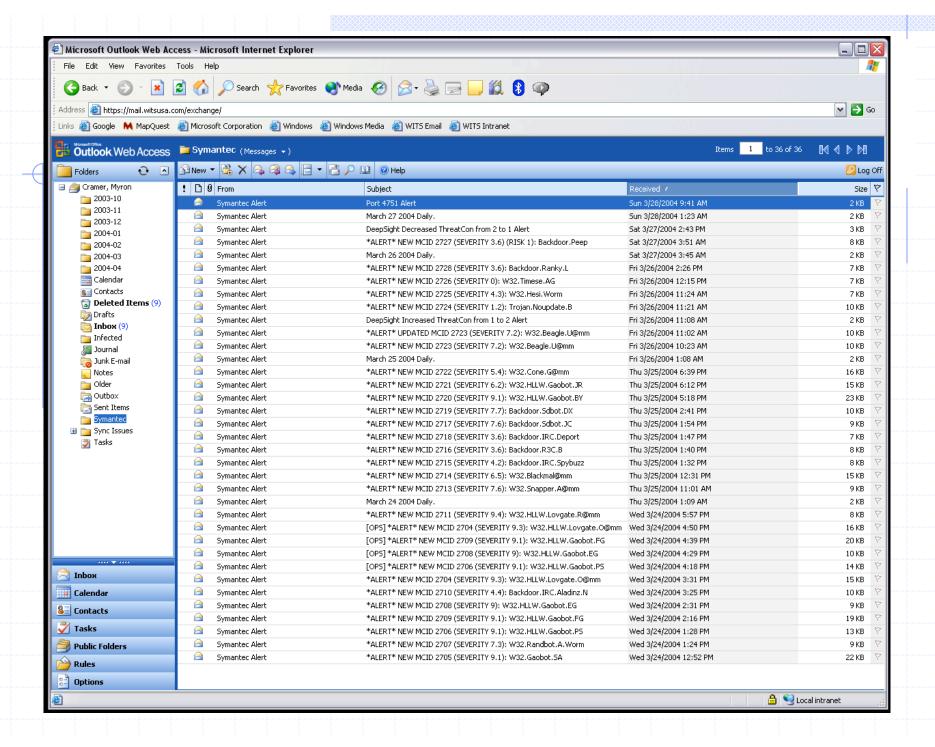


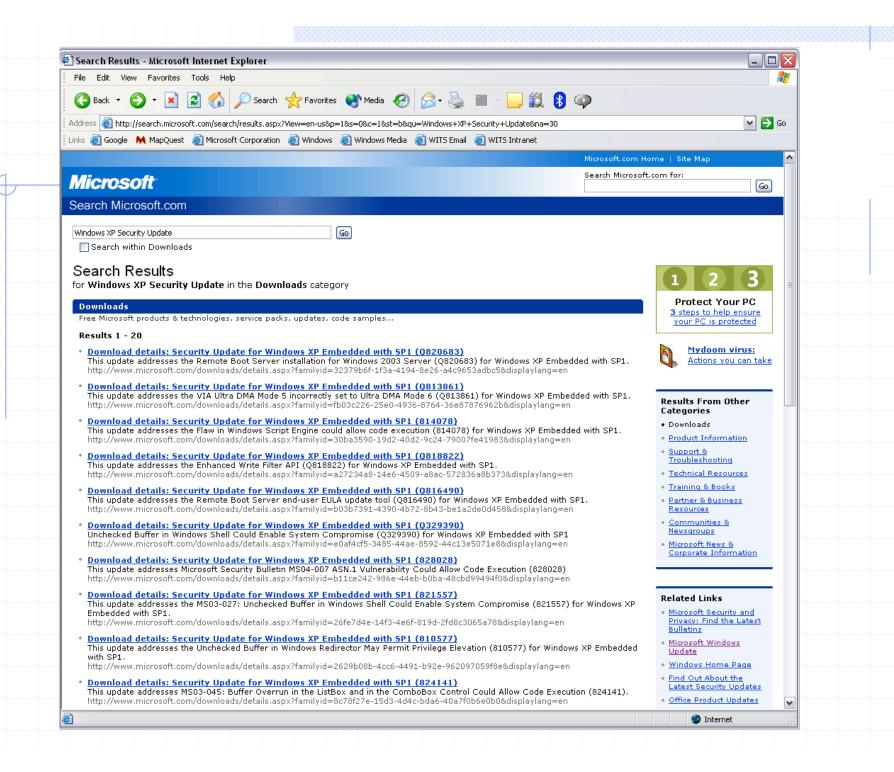
Today's Environment

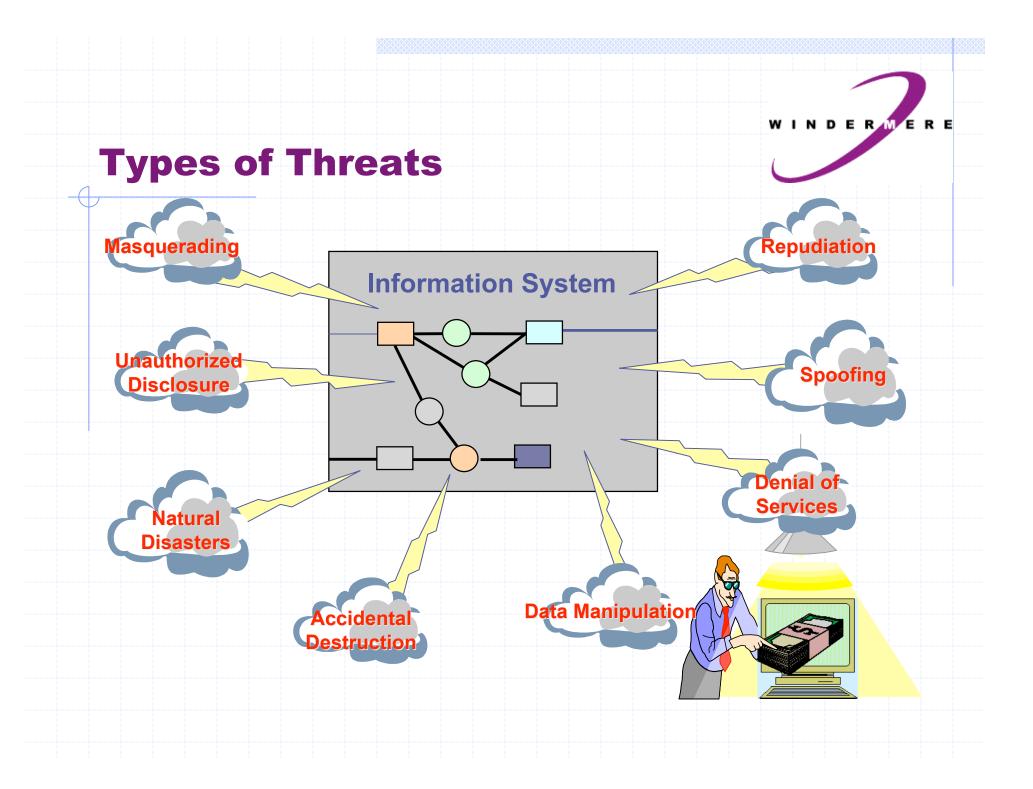
- Viruses & Worms
 - Mass mailing
 - Trojans
 - Distributed Denial of Service
 - Data Base Injections
- Patches
 - Windows Critical Updates
- Internet Fraud
 - Scams
 - Impersonation

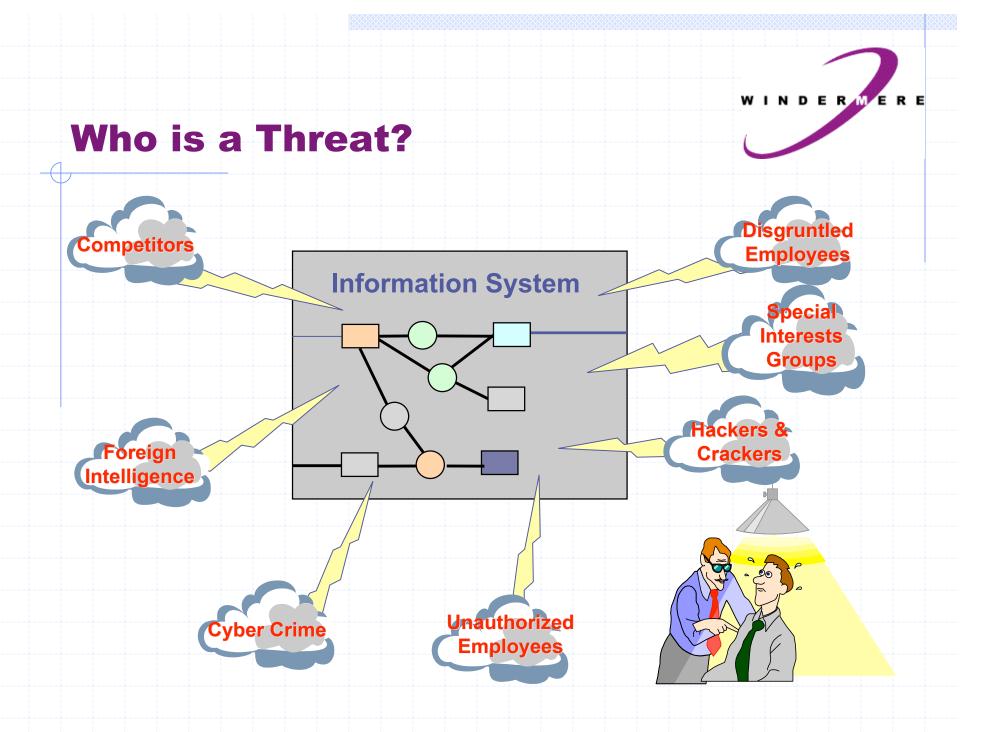
- Information Theft
- SPAM
- Network Congestion
- System Outages

How much can IT really get done without security to protect against these?











Issue

- How does information security fit in?
- The perception that there is a conflict between getting IT done and security may be erroneous
- The real problem may be a failure of the information security solution

What can go wrong with the security solution?



- Inadequate information security architecture
- Wrong products
- Ineffective processes
- Unqualified people
- Inadequate infrastructure

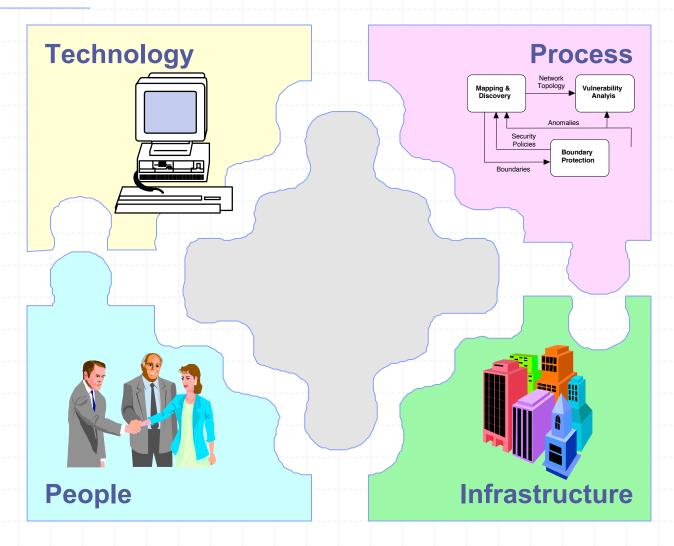


What is a proper solution?

- Security should be part of the business proposition
- A proper security solution should enable and facilitate the use of IT
- Security should not impede IT

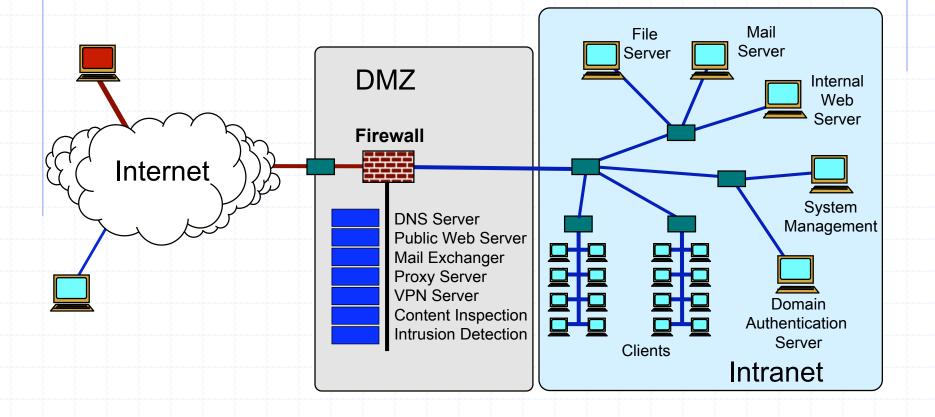


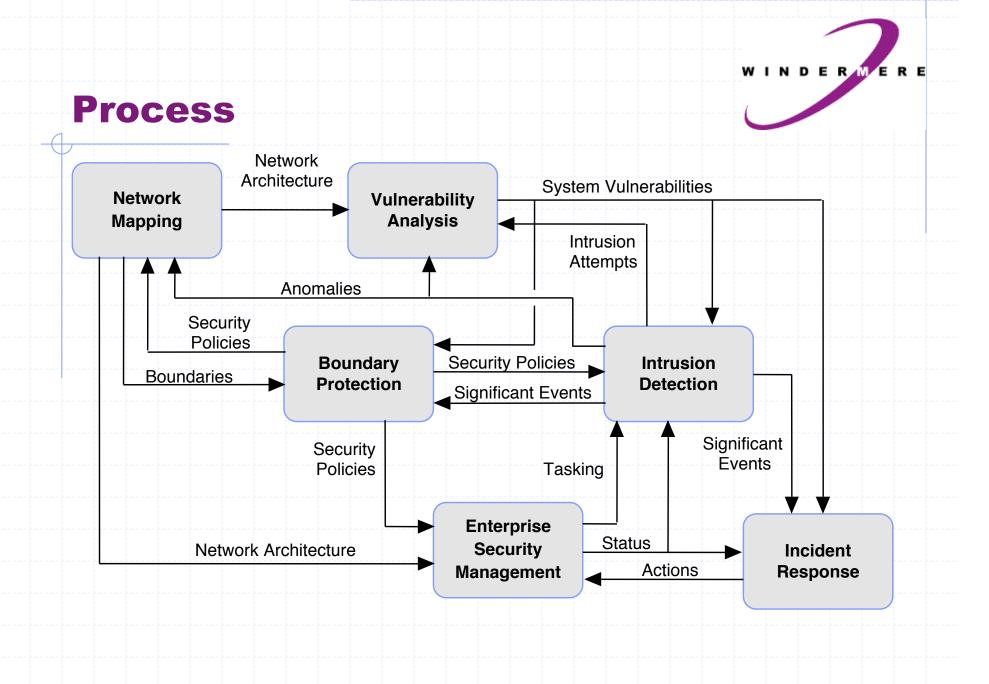
Solution Approaches





Technology







People

- Experience
 - Information security professionals
 - Previous clients
- Certification
 - Qualifications
 - Proficiency testing
- Education
 - Information systems
 - Networking
 - Application services
- Training
 - Information security seminars
 - Conferences



Infrastructure

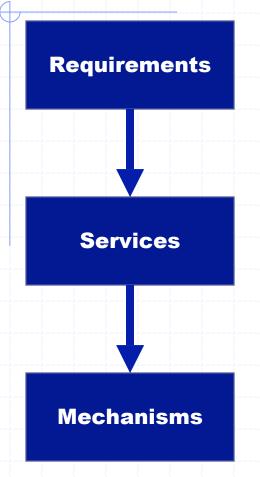
- Facilities
- Physical Controls
- Video Monitoring
- Remote Management







Security Engineering Process



Policy

- Laws
- Regulations
- Agreements
- Directives

Requirements Translation

- Operational Environment
- Risk Exposures
- User Communities
- Information Administration
- Security Specifications

Design

- Architectural Implementation
- Product Performance Specification
- Components Selection and Configuration

Information Assurance Requirements



Confidentiality

- Information is not disclosed to unauthorized users or processes
- Identification and authentication
- Screen Lock
- Labeling & Marking
- Access Control
- Separation of information & roles
- Non-Repudiation
- Audit

Integrity

- Data or processes have not been altered or corrupted
- Configuration Management
- Change Control
- Malicious Code Protection

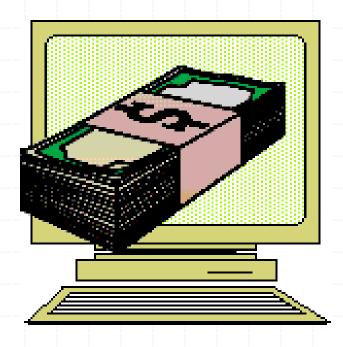
Availability

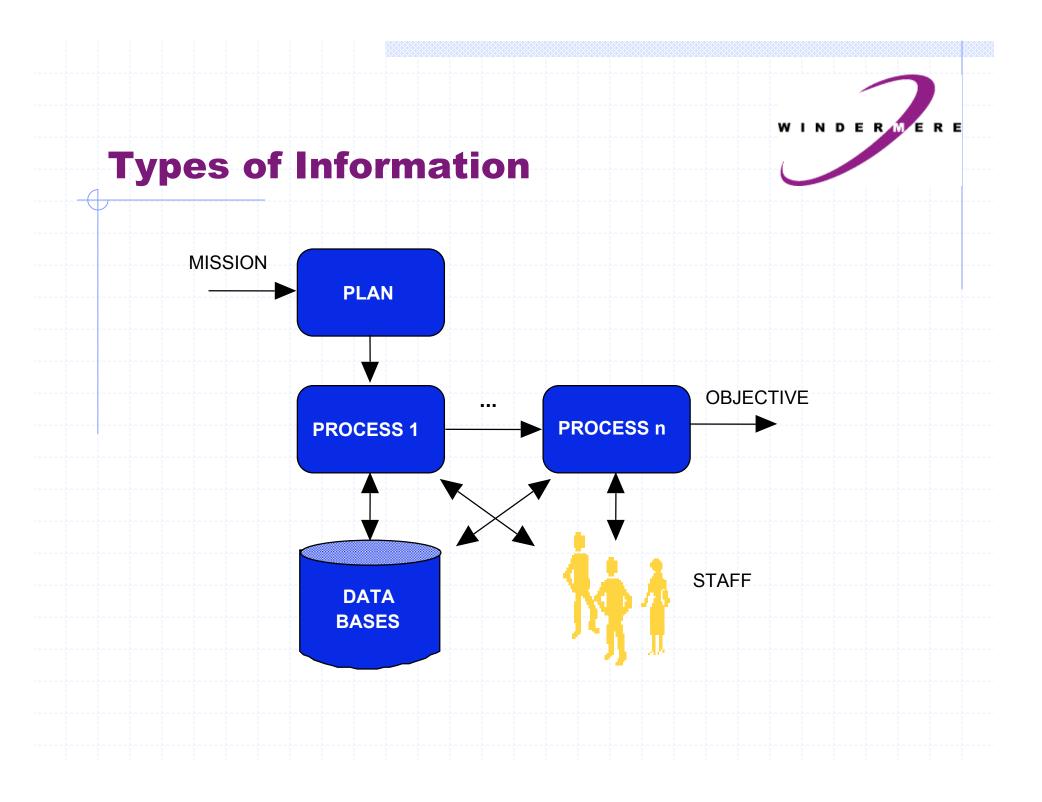
- Information and information systems will be available to users
- Reconstitution
- Continuity of Operations



- Critical factor in the success of businesses and government
- Takes a wide variety of forms
- Each has a different value and different protection need





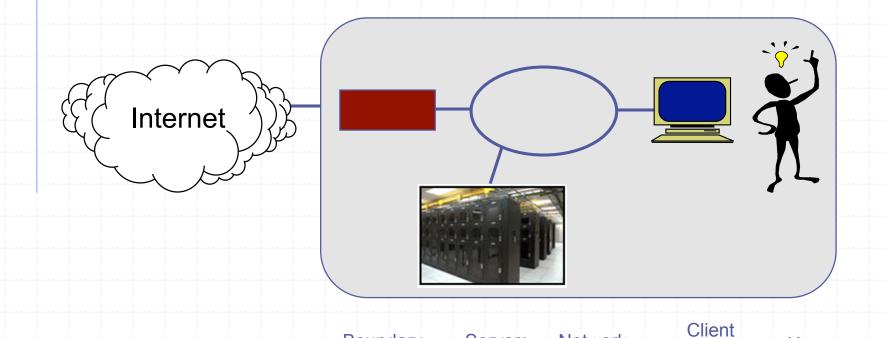




User

Workstation

Solution Design



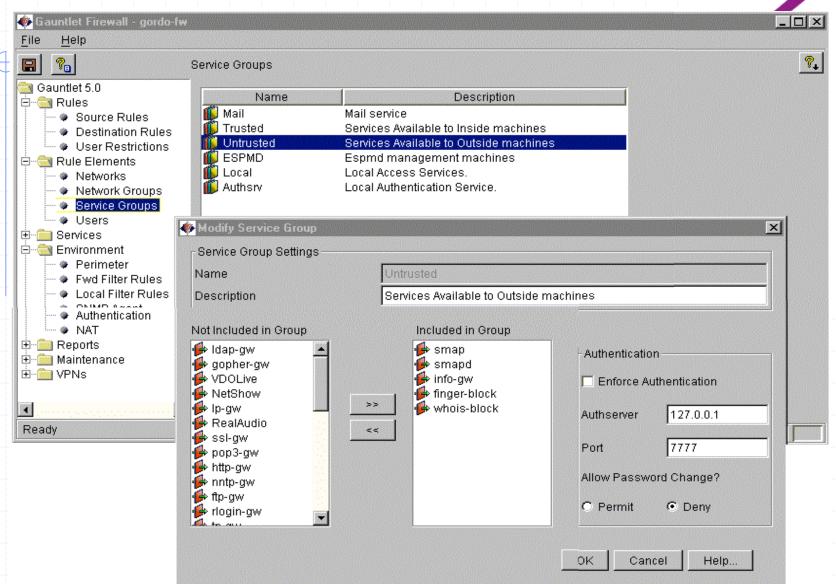
Servers

Network

Boundary

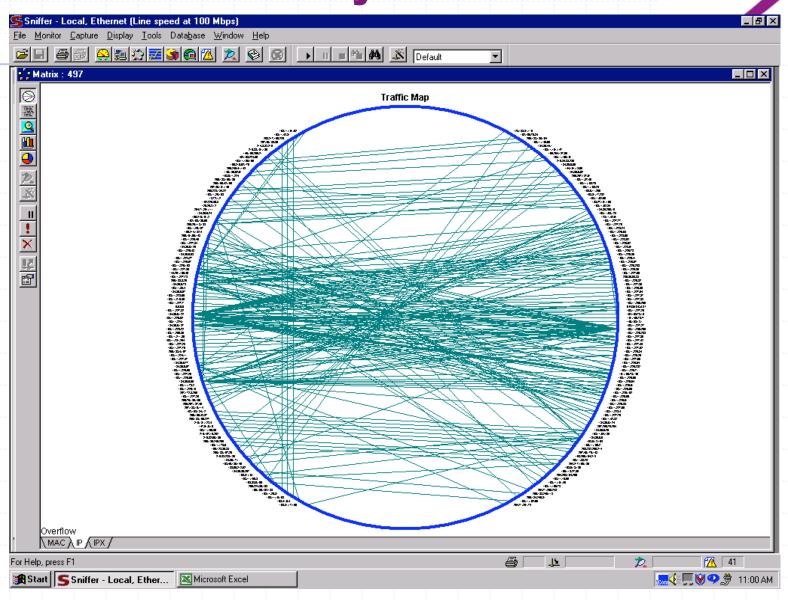
Firewall





Network Discovery





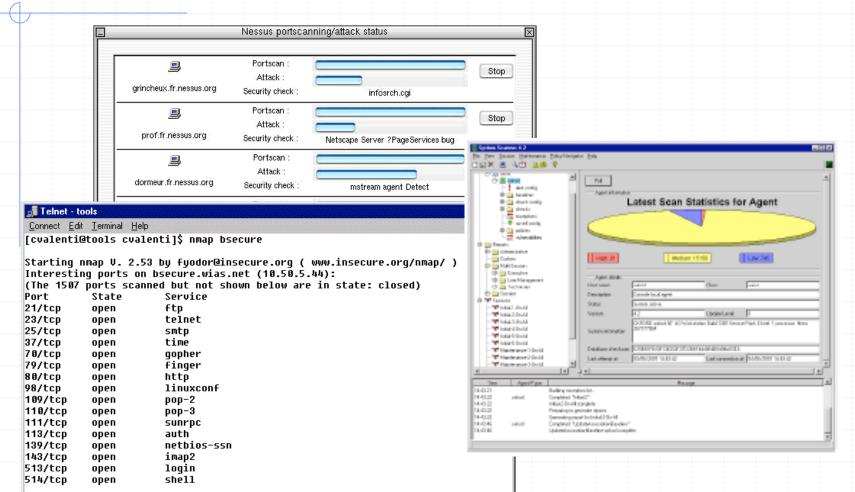
Intrusion Detection







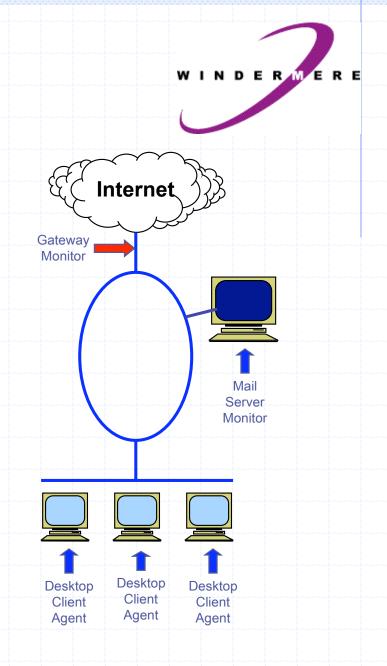
Vulnerability Scanning



Nmap run completed -- 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 22 seconds [cvalenti@tools cvalenti]\$ ■

Anti-Virus Architecture

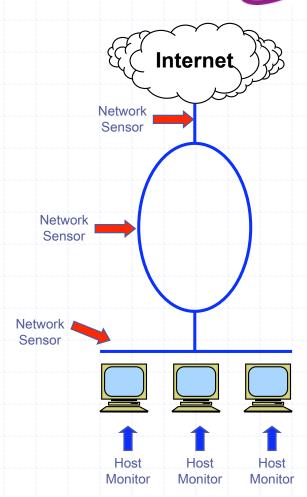
- Integrating network and host protection provides layers of defense
- External Gateways:
 - Inspection and detection of traffic
- Mail Server:
 - Virus detection and quarantine
- Client agent:
 - Desktops protection





Intrusion Detection Architecture

- Integrating network and host monitoring can provide the best of both approaches
- Network sensors at:
 - External gateways
 - Backbones
 - Server Subnets
- Host sensors on:
 - Critical servers
 - Potential targets





Challenges for Large Enterprises

- Landscape Discovery
 - Network topology
 - Role of legacy systems, services and users
 - Constraints of communications infrastructure
- Dealing with Change
 - Maintaining compatibility
 - Data center versus distributed computing base
- Controlling Access
 - Enabled extranet operations
 - Sharing information with partners and customers
 - Protecting intranet
- Scalability
 - Implementing security across a large enterprise
 - Supporting required user services
 - Maintaining cost-effective operations



Dealing with Change

- Change Introduces new exposures
- Requires new approaches and new technologies
 - Evolving Computing Models
 - Transitiona from Data Center to Distributed Computing to internet applications
 - Wireless & Mobile Computing
 - Collaborative services





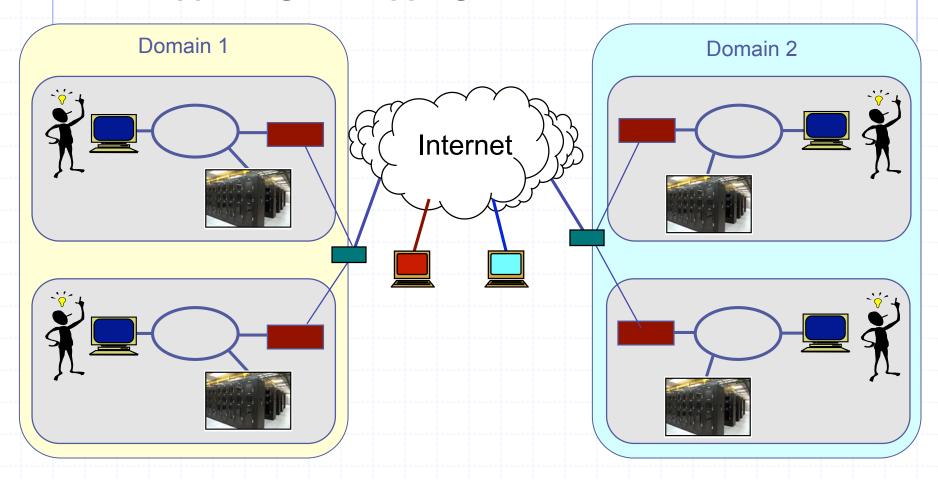


Past Present Future



Controlling Access

Supporting overlapping Communities of Interest





Scalability

Network-based components

 Leverage network to distribute services to all connected users

Host-based components

- Where visibility and access is required to individual workstations
- Requires administration of client configurations

Managed Services

Outsourced operational support solutions